

=> FIL REG

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:56:25 ON 29 DEC 2010
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2010 American Chemical Society (ACS)

=> D HIS NOFILE

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:32:27 ON 29 DEC 2010
E US2006-597904/APPS

L1 1 SEA US2006-597904/AP
E MOREAU WAYNE M/AU

L2 128 SEA ("MOREAU WAYNE"/AU OR "MOREAU WAYNE M"/AU OR "MOREAU WAYNE MARTIN"/AU)
E MOREAU W/AU

L3 18 SEA ("MOREAU W"/AU OR "MOREAU W M"/AU OR "MOREAU W R"/AU)
E ANGELOPOULOS MARIE/AU

L4 178 SEA ("ANGELOPOULOS MARI"/AU OR "ANGELOPOULOS MARIA"/AU OR "ANGELOPOULOS MARIE"/AU)
E ANGELOPOULOS M/AU

L5 49 SEA ("ANGELOPOULOS M"/AU OR "ANGELOPOULOS M G"/AU)
E HUANG WU SONG/AU

L6 136 SEA ("HUANG WU SONG"/AU OR "HUANG WU SONG S"/AU)
E HUANG W/AU

L7 1471 SEA ("HUANG W"/AU OR "HUANG W B"/AU OR "HUANG W C"/AU OR "HUANG W D"/AU OR "HUANG W E"/AU OR "HUANG W ERIC"/AU OR "HUANG W F"/AU OR "HUANG W G"/AU OR "HUANG W H"/AU OR "HUANG W HUANG W K"/AU OR "HUANG W W H"/AU OR "HUANG W X"/AU OR "HUANG W Y"/AU OR "HUANG W Z"/AU)
E MEDEIROS DAVID R/AU

L8 81 SEA ("MEDEIROS DAVID R"/AU OR "MEDEIROS DAVID ROBERT"/AU)
E MEDEIROS D/AU

L9 43 SEA ("MEDEIROS D"/AU OR "MEDEIROS D A"/AU OR "MEDEIROS D B A"/AU OR "MEDEIROS D C"/AU OR "MEDEIROS D J"/AU OR "MEDEIROS D M"/AU OR "MEDEIROS D R"/AU OR "MEDEIROS D S"/AU OR "MEDEIROS D W"/AU)
E PETRILLO KAREN E/AU

L10 73 SEA ("PETRILLO KAREN"/AU OR "PETRILLO KAREN E"/AU OR "PETRILLO KAREN ELIZABETH"/AU)
E PETRILLO K/AU

L11 20 SEA ("PETRILLO K"/AU OR "PETRILLO K E"/AU)

L12 2045 SEA (L2 OR L3 OR L4 OR L5 OR L6 OR L7 OR L8 OR L9 OR L10 OR L11)
E INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES/CO

L13 19113 SEA ("INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINE CORP"+ALL/CO,CS,PA OR "INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINE CORPORATION"+ALL/CO,CS,PA OR "INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES"+ALL/CO,CS,PA OR "INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS REPROCESSING BRANCH COGEMA"+ALL/CO,CS,P A OR "INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS TECHNOL E IBM/CO

L14 46208 SEA (IBM+ALL/CO,CS,PA OR "IBM AALMADEN RESEARCH CENTER"+ALL/CO,CS,PA OR "IBM ADSTAR"+ALL/CO,CS,PA OR "IBM ADV STORAGE AND RETRIEVAL"+ALL/CO,CS,PA OR "IBM ADV SYST DEV DIV LAB"+ALL/CO,CS B H"+ALL/CO,CS,PA OR "IBM DEUTSCHLAND"+ALL/CO,CS,PA OR "IBM DEUTSCHL

L15 46277 SEA L13 OR L14

SEL L1 1- RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:39:39 ON 29 DEC 2010

L16 11 SEA (102-71-6/BI OR 103-84-4/BI OR 11105-01-4/BI OR 1122-58-3/B
I OR 122-39-4/BI OR 134-32-7/BI OR 25583-20-4/BI OR 39350-32-8/
BI OR 48152-09-6/BI OR 7440-47-3/BI OR 91-59-8/BI)
E TRIETHANOLAMINE/CN

L17 1 SEA TRIETHANOLAMINE/CN
E N,N-DIMETHYLAMINOPYRIDINE/CN
E 4-PYRIDINAMINE, N,N-DIMETHYL-/CN

L18 1 SEA "4-PYRIDINAMINE, N,N-DIMETHYL-/CN

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:48:53 ON 29 DEC 2010

L19 26889 SEA L17
L20 5267 SEA L18
L21 38 SEA L19 AND L20
L22 1 SEA L21 AND (L12 OR L15)
L23 37 SEA L21 NOT L22
L24 28 SEA 1802-2006/PY,PRY,AY AND L23

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:56:25 ON 29 DEC 2010

=> FIL HCAP
FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:56:35 ON 29 DEC 2010
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2010 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

=> D L22 1 IBIB ABS HITSTR HITIND RETABLE

L22 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1027076 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:336280
TITLE: Photoresist composition for enhance of patterned
resist profiles on chrome or sensitive substrates
INVENTOR(S): Moreau, Wayne M.; Angelopoulos,
Marie; Huang, Wu-Song; Medeiros,
David R.; Petrillo, Karen E.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): International Business Machines Corporation,
USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005088393	A1	20050922	WO 2004-US4144	20040211
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				

RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,
 BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE,
 ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK,
 TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
 EP 1716450 A1 20061102 EP 2004-710274 20040211
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
 IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
 CN 1914558 A 20070214 CN 2004-80041556 20040211
 JP 2007522524 T 20070809 JP 2006-553101 20040211
 KR 2006127935 A 20061213 KR 2006-7015277 20060728
 US 20080227030 A1 20080918 US 2006-597904 20060811

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

WO 2004-US4144 W 20040211

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

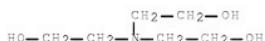
AB Resist compns. having good footing properties even on difficult substrates are obtained by using a combination of base additives including a room temperature solid base, and a liquid low vapor pressure base. The compns. are especially useful on metal substrates such as chromium-containing layers commonly used in mask-making.

IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 1122-58-3

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (photoresist composition for enhance of patterned resist profiles on chrome
 or sensitive substrates)

RN 102-71-6 HCPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCPLUS

CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IPCI G03C0001-73 [ICM,7]; G03F0007-039 [ICS,7]; G03F0007-20 [ICS,7];
 G03F0007-30 [ICS,7]

IPCR G03C0001-73 [I,C*]; G03C0001-73 [I,A]; G03F0007-039 [I,C*]; G03F0007-039
 [I,A]; G03F0007-20 [I,C*]; G03F0007-20 [I,A]; G03F0007-30 [I,C*];
 G03F0007-30 [I,A]

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
 Reprographic Processes)

IT 91-59-8, 2-Naphthylamine 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses
 103-84-4, Acetanilide 122-39-4, Diphenylamine, uses 134-32-7,
 1-Naphthylamine 1122-58-3 39350-32-8, Diazabicycloundecene
 48152-09-6

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (photoresist composition for enhance of patterned resist profiles on chrome

or sensitive substrates)

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year VOL PG	Referenced Work (R PY) (R VL) (R PG) (R WK)	Referenced File
Watanabe	1999	US 5876900	HCAPLUS

=> D L24 1-28 IBIB ABS HITSTR HITIND RETABLE

L24 ANSWER 1 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:722261 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:60329
 TITLE: Volatile compositions having an end-of-life indication
 INVENTOR(S): Blondeau, Philippe; Boil, Alice Bresson
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Givaudan SA, Switz.
 SOURCE: Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 13pp.
 CODEN: BAXXDU
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
GB 2444702	A	20080618	GB 2006-24857	20061213 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 2006-24857	20061213 <--

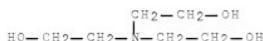
AB A non-aqueous composition comprising a halochromic dye, a fragrance material, a non-volatile base or acid, and a highly polar, low volatile solvent is disclosed. The composition changes its color when the predominant part of the fragrance material has evaporated over time. The preferred composition comprises bromocresol green as the dye, triethanolamine as the non-volatile base, dipropylene glycol as the solvent, and a fragrance composition. Also claimed is an air-freshener device in which a composition of the present invention is absorbed or adsorbed in a material selected from paper, textiles, felt-type materials, wovens and non-wovens, glass fiber filters and crystals.

IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 1122-58-3,
 4-Dimethylaminopyridine.

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
 (volatile compns. having an end-of-life indication, with application to
 air fresheners)

RN 102-71-6 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IPCI A61L0009-01 [I,A]; A61L0009-04 [I,A]; A61Q0013-00 [I,A]
 IPCR A61L0009-01 [I,C]; A61L0009-01 [I,A]; A61L0009-04 [I,C]; A61L0009-04
 [I,A]; A61Q0013-00 [I,C]; A61Q0013-00 [I,A]

CC 59-6 (Air Pollution and Industrial Hygiene)

Section cross-reference(s): 41

IT 50-78-2, Acetylsalicylic acid 56-81-5, Glycerine, uses 57-11-4,
 Stearic acid, uses 57-55-6, Propyleneglycol, uses 59-67-6, Nicotinic
 acid, uses 60-33-3, Linoleic acid, uses 76-60-8, Bromocresol green
 77-92-9, Citric acid, uses 79-10-7, Acrylic acid, uses
 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 106-49-0, 4-Methylphenyl amine,
 uses 112-27-6, Triethyleneglycol 127-17-3, Pyruvic acid, uses
 143-07-7, Lauric acid, uses 1122-58-3,
 4-Dimethylaminopyridine. 2163-42-0, 2-Methyl-1,3-propanediol
 25265-71-8, Dipropylene glycol 25498-49-1, Tripropylene glycol methyl
 ether

RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)
 (volatile compns. having an end-of-life indication, with application to
 air fresheners)

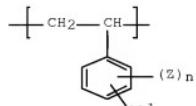
RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year (R PY)	VOL (V RL)	PG (R PG)	Referenced Work (RWK)	Referenced File
Johnson, S				EP 0309173 A	HCAPLUS
Unilever				GB 1581333 A	HCAPLUS

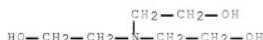
L24 ANSWER 2 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:349332 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:342342
 TITLE: Positive resist composition with high resolution, good
 pattern profiles, and decreased out gas problem and
 their pattern formation
 INVENTOR(S): Mizutani, Kazuyoshi
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 58pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2008065114	A	20080321	JP 2006-243850	20060908 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2006-243850	20060908 <--

GI



- AB** The pos. resist composition contain resins (A) containing repeating units with sulfonium salt structures which generate acid upon irradiation of actinic light or radiation and are connected to main chains via acid-decomposing linking groups, preferably, acetals or ketals. Preferably, the resins A further contain repeating units represented by the general formula (I) (Z = OH, halo, cyano, nitro, acyl, alkoxy, acyloxy; Al = acid-labile group; n = 0-4) and CH₂CRaCORd (Ra = H, Me, cyano, Cl; Rd = acid-labile group). The pos. resist composition is formed into a resist film and subjected to liquid immersion lithog., EUV lithog., or electron beam lithog.
- IT** 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 1122-58-3
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (pos. resist composition containing photoacid-generating acid-labile sulfonium group-containing polymer and their pattern formation)
- RN** 102-71-6 HCPLUS
CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



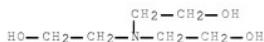
- RN** 1122-58-3 HCPLUS
CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



- IPCI** G03F0007-004 [I,A]; G03F0007-039 [I,A]; H01L0021-027 [I,A]; H01L0021-02 [I,C*]
IPCR G03F0007-004 [I,C]; G03F0007-004 [I,A]; G03F0007-039 [I,C]; G03F0007-039 [I,A]; H01L0021-02 [I,C]; H01L0021-027 [I,A]
CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 120-07-0 124-22-1,

Dodecylamine 1122-58-3 3001-72-7,
 1,5-Diazabicyclo[4.3.0]non-5-ene
 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
 (pos. resist composition containing photoacid-generating acid-labile sulfonium group-containing polymer and their pattern formation)

L24 ANSWER 3 OF 28 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:297628 HCPLUS [Full-text](#)
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:7569
 TITLE: Dual mechanism of zinc-proline catalyzed aldol reactions in water
 AUTHOR(S): Kofeed, Jacob; Darbre, Tamis; Reymond, Jean-Louis
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of Berne, Bern, CH-3012, Switz.
 SOURCE: Chemical Communications (Cambridge, United Kingdom) (2006), (14), 1482-1484
 CODEN: CHCOFS; ISSN: 1359-7345
 PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 AB The aldol reaction of acetone with aldehydes in aqueous medium under catalysis by zinc-proline ($Zn(1-Pro)2$) and secondary amines such as proline, ($2S,4R$)-4-hydroxyproline (Hyp) and (S)-(+)-1-(2-pyrrolidinomethyl)pyrrolidine (PMP) is shown to proceed by an enamine mechanism, as evidenced by reductive trapping of the iminium intermediate, while the aldol reaction of dihydroxyacetone (DHA) under catalysis by zinc-proline and by general bases such as N-methylmorpholine (NMM) is shown to occur under rate-limiting deprotonation of the α -carbon and formation of an enolate intermediate.
 IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 1122-58-3
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (dual mechanism of zinc-proline catalyzed aldol reactions in water)
 RN 102-71-6 HCPLUS
 CN Ethanol, 2,2',2'''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCPLUS
 CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 22-4 (Physical Organic Chemistry)
 Section cross-reference(s): 67
 IT 51-35-4 56-87-1, L-Lysine, uses 72-18-4, L-Valine, uses

102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 109-02-4, N-Methylmorpholine
 110-91-8, Morpholine, uses 111-42-2, Diethanolamine, uses 141-43-5,
 Ethanolamine, uses 147-85-3, Proline, uses 288-32-4, Imidazole, uses
 822-36-6, 4-Methylimidazole 1122-58-3 40816-53-3
 51207-66-0, (S)-(+)-1-(2-Pyrrolidinomethyl)pyrrolidine

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(dual mechanism of zinc-proline catalyzed aldol reactions in water)

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year VOL PG Referenced Work (RPY) (VRL) (RPG) Referenced (RWK)	Referenced File
Badalassi, F	2004 1 2557 Eur J Org Chem	HCAPLUS
Bogevig, A	2002 6 620 Chem Commun	
Clouet, A	2004 43 4612 Angew Chem, Int Ed	HCAPLUS
Darbore, T	2003 1 1090 Chem Commun	HCAPLUS
Dziedzic, P	2006 4 38 Org Biomol Chem	HCAPLUS
Eder, U	1971 10 496 Angew Chem, Int Ed E	HCAPLUS
Enders, D	2005 44 1210 Angew Chem, Int Ed	HCAPLUS
Esposito, A	2003 42 1381 Angew Chem, Int Ed	HCAPLUS
Fernandez-Lopez, R	2005 24 15268 Eur J Org Chem	
Goddard, J	2004 22 363 Trends Biotechnol	HCAPLUS
Hajos, Z	1973 38 3239 J Org Chem	HCAPLUS
Hajos, Z	1974 39 1615 J Org Chem	HCAPLUS
Heine, A	1997 278 2085 Science	
Hoffmann, T	1998 120 2768 J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Jai, J	1997 6 119 Protein Sci	
Jourdain, N	1998 39 9415 Tetrahedron Lett	HCAPLUS
Klein, G	1998 8 1113 Bioorg Med Chem Lett	HCAPLUS
Klein, G	1999 82 1400 Helv Chim Acta	HCAPLUS
Kofoed, J	2003 13 2445 Bioorg Med Chem Lett	HCAPLUS
Kofoed, J	2004 1 1540 Chem Commun	HCAPLUS
Kofoed, J	2005 9 1656 Curr Opin Chem Biol	HCAPLUS
Kofoed, J	2005 3 1850 Org Biomol Chem	HCAPLUS
Krattiger, P	2005 7 1101 Org Lett	HCAPLUS
Lai, C	1967 121 790 Arch Biochem Biophys	HCAPLUS
Lai, C	1971 144 363 Arch Biochem Biophys	HCAPLUS
List, B	2000 122 2395 J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Machajewski, T	2000 39 1352 Angew Chem, Int Ed	HCAPLUS
Northrup, A	2002 124 16798 J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Northrup, A	2004 305 1752 Science	HCAPLUS
Perez Carlon, R	2000 6 14154 Chem-Eur J	MEDLINE
Reymond, J	1995 60 6970 J Org Chem	HCAPLUS
Ricardo, A	2004 303 196 Science	HCAPLUS
Seayad, J	2005 3 719 Org Biomol Chem	HCAPLUS
Shulman, H	2000 122 10743 J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Sicard, R	2005 347 1041 Adv Synth Catal	HCAPLUS
Tanaka, F	2005 44 17583 Biochemistry	HCAPLUS
Tanaka, F	2001 8 1769 Chem Commun	
Wagner, J	1995 270 11797 Science	HCAPLUS

OS.CITING REF COUNT:

23 THERE ARE 23 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS
 RECORD (23 CITINGS)

L24 ANSWER 4 OF 28 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:2267 HCPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:38142

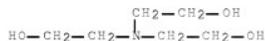
TITLE: An improved process for the preparation of
 oxindolecarboxamides

INVENTOR(S): Kumar, Potlapally Rajendeer; Goud, Puppali Satish;
 Raju, Sirisilla; Reddy, Gaddam Om
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dr. Reddy's Research Foundation, India
 SOURCE: Indian, 19 pp.
 CODEN: INXXAP
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
IN 182470	A1	19990417	IN 1996-MA218 IN 1996-MA218	19960212 <-- 19960212 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CASREACT 142:38142; MARPAT 142:38142	
OTHER SOURCE(S): GI				

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB The present invention provides an improved process for the preparation of oxindolecarboximides I [R = halo], by hydrolyzing a compound II to yield a compound III, treating III with an inorg. cyanate to give a compound IV, cyclizing IV to give a compound V, condensing V with thiophene-2-carbonyl chloride to give appropriate oxindole-1-carboxamides I. E.g., a Tenidap, known inhibitor of prostaglandin synthesis (no biol. data), was prepared, starting from 5-chloro-1H-indol-2-one. The oxindole-1-carboxamides prepared by the above described process are useful in the treatment of inflammation, rheumatoid, and osteoarthritis (no data).
 IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, reactions 1122-58-3,
 4-Dimethylaminopyridine
 RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (an improved process for the preparation of oxindolecarboxamides)
 RN 102-71-6 HCPLUS
 CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCPLUS
 CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IPCI C07D0409-00 [ICM,6]
 IPCR C07D0409-00 [I,C*]; C07D0409-00 [I,A]
 CC 27-11 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))
 IT 64-19-7, Acetic acid, reactions 79-09-4, Propionic acid, reactions 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, reactions 104-15-4, p-Toluenesulfonic acid, reactions 106-31-0, Butyric anhydride 107-92-6, Butyric acid, reactions 108-24-7, Acetic anhydride 121-44-8, Triethylamine, reactions 121-69-7, N,N-Dimethylaniline, reactions 123-62-6, Propionic anhydride 127-08-2, Potassium acetate 127-09-3, Sodium acetate 137-40-6, Sodium propionate 156-54-7, Sodium butyrate 327-62-8, Potassium propionate 589-39-9, Potassium butyrate 1122-58-3, 4-Dimethylaminopyridine 3424-21-3, Triisopropylamine 7646-78-8, Stannic chloride, reactions 7719-09-7, Thionyl chloride 10025-87-3, Phosphorus oxychloride 10026-13-8, Phosphorus pentachloride
 RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (an improved process for the preparation of oxindolecarboxamides)
 OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
 (1 CITINGS)

L24 ANSWER 5 OF 28 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:947089 HCPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:153080
 TITLE: Opening of tartrate acetals using dialkylboron bromide: evidence for stereoselectivity downstream from ring fission
 AUTHOR(S): Guindon, Yvan; Ogilvie, William W.; Bordeleau, Josee; Cui, Wei Li; Durkin, Kathy; Gorys, Vida; Juteau, Helene; Lemieux, Rene; Liotta, Dennis; Simoneau, Bruno; Yoakim, Christiane
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Bio-Mega Research Division, Boehringer Ingelheim (Canada) Ltd., Laval, QC, H7S 2G5, Can.
 SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (2003), 125(2), 428-436
 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:153080
 AB Johnson-type acetals derived from di-Me tartrate give, after opening with Me2BBr and cuprate displacement, secondary alcs. with high diastereoselectivity (>30:1). The mechanism proposed for the induction of diastereoselectivity is downstream from the ring fission. It implies a direct participation of the Lewis acid as a source of nucleophile and the stereospecific transformation of the resulting bromo acetal through an invertive and temperature-dependent process. The acetals are prepared by reaction of the desired aldehyde with di-Me tartrate. Removal of the auxiliary is accomplished through SmI2 reduction or by an addition-elimination protocol using methoxide.
 IT 1122-58-3, 4-Dimethylaminopyridine
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (esterification catalyst; stereoselectivity downstream from ring fission of tartrate acetals using dialkylboron bromide)
 RN 1122-58-3 HCPLUS
 CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (in conversion to mixed acetal derivative; stereoselectivity downstream
 from ring fission of tartrate acetals using dialkylboron bromide)
 RN 102-71-6 HCPLUS
 CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 22-3 (Physical Organic Chemistry)
 Section cross-reference(s): 29, 33, 75
 IT 1122-58-3, 4-Dimethylaminopyridine
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (esterification catalyst; stereoselectivity downstream from ring
 fission of tartrate acetals using dialkylboron bromide)
 IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 3144-16-9, Camphorsulfonic
 acid 7087-68-5
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (in conversion to mixed acetal derivative; stereoselectivity downstream
 from ring fission of tartrate acetals using dialkylboron bromide)
 OS.CITING REF COUNT: 14 THERE ARE 14 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS
 RECORD (14 CITINGS)

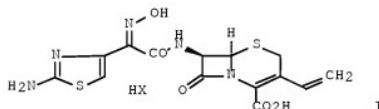
L24 ANSWER 6 OF 28 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:946292 HCPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:13981
 TITLE: Process for the preparation of high purity cefdinir
 via formations of crystalline acid salts
 INVENTOR(S): Lee, Gwan Sun; Chang, Young Kil; Kim, Hong Sun; Park,
 Chul Huyn; Park, Gha Seung; Kim, Cheol Kyung
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hanni Pharm. Co., Ltd., S. Korea
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002098884	A1	20021212	WO 2002-KR1064	20020605 <--
W: CN, JP, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,				

PT, SE, TR KR 2002092612 EP 1392703 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI, CY, TR CN 1512996 CN 1235902 JP 2004534053 JP 4152879 US 20040210049 US 7157576 JP 2008189688 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	A 20021212 A1 20040303 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI, CY, TR A 20040714 C 20060111 T 20041111 B2 20080917 A1 20041021 B2 20070102 A 20080821	KR 2001-31339 EP 2002-730990 JP 2003-502005 US 2003-479291 JP 2008-99293 KR 2001-31339 JP 2003-502005 WO 2002-KR1064	20010605 <-- 20020605 <-- 20020605 <-- 20020605 <-- 20031125 <-- 20080407 <-- A 20010605 <-- A3 20020605 <-- W 20020605 <--
---	---	---	---

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

GI



AB High purity cefdinir is prepared in a high yield by a process comprising the steps of: treating a cefdinir intermediate with a formic acid-sulfuric acid mixture or a formic acid-methanesulfonic acid mixture to obtain a crystalline salt of cefdinir I [HX = H2SO4, MeSO3H] and reacting the crystalline salt with a base in a solvent. Thus, crystalline cefdinir.TsOH.2DMAC was prepared by an amidation reaction of (Z)-2-amino- α -[(triphenylmethoxyimino)-4-thiazoletethanethioic acid S-2-benzothiazolyl ester with 7-amino-3-vinyl-3-cephem-4-carboxylic acid using Bu3N in N,N-dimethylacetamide (DMAC), followed by treatment with TsOH. Crystalline cefdinir.TsOH.2DMAC was converted to crystalline cefdinir.H2SO4 in 91% yield using 90% HCO2H, 98% H2SO4 and MeCN. 99.9% Pure cefdinir was then obtained by suspending crystalline cefdinir.H2SO4 in H2O and adjusting the pH to 3.4 to 3.6 using Na2CO3. Also, 99.8% pure cefdinir was prepared via a similar sequence in which the intermediate salt was cefdinir.MeSO3H.

IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, reactions 1122-58-3,
4-Dimethylaminopyridine

RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(process for the preparation of high purity cefdinir via formations of
crystalline acid salts)

RN 102-71-6 HCPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCPLUS
 CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IPCI C07D0501-22 [ICM,7]; C07D0501-00 [ICM,7,C*]
 IPCR C07B0061-00 [I,C*]; C07B0061-00 [I,A]; C07D0501-00 [I,C*]; C07D0501-00 [I,A]; C07D0501-14 [I,A]; C07D0501-22 [I,A]
 CC 26-5 (Biomolecules and Their Synthetic Analogs)
 Section cross-reference(s): 75
 IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, reactions 102-82-9, Tributylamine 103-83-3, Dimethylbenzylamine 110-86-1, Pyridine, reactions 121-44-8, Triethylamine, reactions 127-08-2, Potassium acetate 127-09-3, Sodium acetate 144-55-8, Sodium bicarbonate, reactions 298-14-6, Potassium bicarbonate 497-19-8, Sodium carbonate, reactions 584-08-7, Potassium carbonate 598-56-1 1122-58-3, 4-Dimethylaminopyridine 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, reactions 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, reactions 7087-68-5, Diisopropylethylamine 7664-41-7, Ammonia, reactions 19766-89-3, Sodium 2-ethylhexanoate
 RL: RGT (Reagent); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (process for the preparation of high purity cefdinir via formations of crystalline acid salts)

Referenced	Author	Year	VOL	PG	Referenced Work	Referenced
(RAU)		(RPY)	(RVL)	(RPG)	(RWK)	File
Biochemie Gesellschaft		1998			WO 9845299 A1	HCPLUS
Fujisawa Pharmaceutical		1990			JP 02-790 A2	HCPLUS
Hanmi Pharmaceutical Co		1997			WO 9724358 A1	HCPLUS
Sakane, K		1993	113	605	Yakugaku Zasshi	HCPLUS
OS.CITING REF COUNT:		7	THERE ARE 7 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (8 CITINGS)			

L24 ANSWER 7 OF 28 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:658175 HCPLUS [Full-text](#)
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:186435
 TITLE: Production and use of liquid epoxy resin emulsions
 INVENTOR(S): Lienert, Klaus-Wilhelm; Schmidt, Gerold;
 Toedter-Koenig, Sascha
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schenectady International Inc., USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 21 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002066534	A1	20020829	WO 2002-EP1195	20020206 <--
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
DE 10108129	A1	20020905	DE 2001-10108129	20010221 <--
CA 2438726	A1	20020829	CA 2002-2438726	20020206 <--
AU 2002244703	A1	20020904	AU 2002-244703	20020206 <--
EP 1368401	A1	20031210	EP 2002-712893	20020206 <--
EP 1368401	B1	20041222		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
CN 1491245	A	20040421	CN 2002-804781	20020206 <--
CN 1210325	C	20050713		
JP 2004528411	T	20040916	JP 2002-566247	20020206 <--
JP 3904516	B2	20070411		
MX 2003007415	A	20040812	MX 2003-7415	20030819 <--
US 20040087685	A1	20040506	US 2003-468563	20031229 <--
US 6949592	B2	20050927		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

DE 2001-10108129	A	20010221 <--
WO 2002-EP1195	W	20020206 <--

AB In the title process, which gives non-corrosive emulsions useful in the production of elec. machinery, mixts. of (modified) epoxy resins, nonionic thickeners, and curing catalysts (BF3 complexes with epoxides) are dispersed in water. An impregnating emulsion (viscosity 650 mPa·s, solids 49.4%) was prepared by dispersing an epoxy resin (Epikote 828) 1000.0, nonionic thickener (Acrysol RM8) 50.0, and antifoam 2.5 g in 1052.5 g H2O to give a dispersion with binder content 49.1% and viscosity 800 mPa·s at 23°; and mixing this emulsion 650.0, Anchor-1115 (reaction product of a BF3:2-propanamine complex with Bu glycidyl ether) 30.0, C8H17NMe2 8.0, and H2O 30.0 g.

IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 1122-58-3,

4-(Dimethylamino)pyridine

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(production and use of liquid epoxy resin emulsions)

RN 102-71-6 HCPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCPLUS

CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IPCI C08G0059-18 [ICM,7]; C08G0059-40 [ICS,7]; C08G0059-72 [ICS,7]; C08G0059-00 [ICS,7,C*]; C09D0163-00 [ICS,7]; C08L0063-00 [ICS,7]; H01B0003-40 [ICS,7]; H01L0023-29 [ICS,7]; H01L0023-28 [ICS,7,C*]; C09J0163-00 [ICS,7]

IPCR C08L0063-00 [I,C*]; C08L0063-00 [I,A]; C08G0059-00 [I,C*]; C08G0059-68 [I,A]; C08J0003-20 [I,C*]; C08J0003-21 [I,A]; C08K0005-00 [I,C*]; C08K0005-00 [I,A]; C09D0005-02 [I,C*]; C09D0005-02 [I,A]; C09D0005-25 [I,C*]; C09D0005-25 [I,A]; C09D0007-12 [I,C*]; C09D0007-12 [I,A]; C09D0163-00 [I,C*]; C09D0163-00 [I,A]; H01B0003-40 [I,C*]; H01B0003-40 [I,A]

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 102-82-9, Tributylamine
103-83-3, N,N-Dimethylbenzylamine 108-01-0, N,N-Dimethyllethanolamine
112-18-5, N,N-Dimethyldecylamine 112-69-6, N,N-Dimethylhexadecylamine
121-44-8, Triethylamine, uses 693-98-1, 2-Methylimidazole
1122-58-3, 4-(Dimethylamino)pyridine 7378-99-6,
N,N-Dimethyloctylamine 7396-58-9, N-Methylididecylamine 13750-62-4,
1-Benzyl-2-methylimidazole 50790-93-7, 2-Butylimidazole
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
(production and use of liquid epoxy resin emulsions)

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year (RYP)	VOL (RVL)	PG (RPG)	Referenced Work (RWK)	Referenced File
Basf Lacke & Farben	1996	1	1	DE 19613547 A	HCAPLUS
Schreiber, P	1996	1	1	US 5523336 A	HCAPLUS
Somar Corp	1994	1	1	JP 06184261 A	HCAPLUS
Wytwornia Zwiazkow Orga 1993	1	1	1	DE 4232220 A	HCAPLUS
OS.CITING REF COUNT:	1	THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)			

L24 ANSWER 8 OF 28 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:439699 HCPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:150737
TITLE: DBU as nucleophilic catalyst in the Baylis-Hillman reaction
AUTHOR(S): Aggarwal, Varinder K.; Mereu, Andrea
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of Sheffield,
Brook Hill, Sheffield, S3 7HF, UK
SOURCE: Chemical Industries (Dekker) (2001),
82(Catalysis of Organic Reactions), 595-600
CODEN: CHEIDI; ISSN: 0737-8025
PUBLISHER: Marcel Dekker, Inc.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 136:150737

AB Nucleophilic and unhindered catalysts are normally required for the Baylis-Hillman reaction. We have discovered that DBU, which is normally regarded as a hindered and non-nucleophilic base, is in fact the optimum catalyst for this reaction, providing adducts at much faster rates than DABCO or 3HQD. The scope of the Baylis-Hillman reaction is enhanced by using this catalyst, and implications of this finding are discussed.

IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 1122-58-3, DMAP

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(DBU as nucleophilic catalyst in Baylis-Hillman reaction)

RN 102-71-6 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCAPLUS

CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 21-2 (General Organic Chemistry)

IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 280-57-9, DABCO

1122-58-3, DMAP 1619-34-7, 3-Hydroxyquinuclidine 6674-22-2,

DBU 52093-26-2, Lanthanum triflate

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

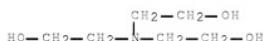
(DBU as nucleophilic catalyst in Baylis-Hillman reaction)

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year (R PY)	VOL (R VL)	PG (R PG)	Referenced Work (RWK)	Referenced File
Aggarwal, V	1998	63	7183	J Org Chem	HCAPLUS
Auvray, P	1988	44	16095	Tetrahedron	HCAPLUS
Basavaiah, D	1987	17	587	Synth Commun	HCAPLUS
Basavaiah, D	1996	52	8001	Tetrahedron	HCAPLUS
Berthe, M	1992				HCAPLUS
Berthe, M	1994			US 5332836	HCAPLUS
Berthe, M	1992			Eur Patent Appl , EP	
Chakrabarty, M	1996		190	J Chem Research (S)	HCAPLUS
Chambers, R	1994		2055	J Chem Soc Chem Comm	HCAPLUS
Ciganek, E	1997	51	201	Organic Reactions	HCAPLUS
Drewes, S	1988	44	14653	Tetrahedron	HCAPLUS
Fort, Y	1992	48	16371	Tetrahedron	HCAPLUS
Foucaud, A	1989	3	403	Bull Chim Soc Fr	
Hill, J	1990	3	285	J Phys Org Chem	HCAPLUS
Hillman, M	1972				HCAPLUS

Hwu, J |1992 |33 |16469 |Tetrahedron Lett |HCAPLUS
 Johnson, M |1997 |38 |17003 |Tetrahedron Lett |HCAPLUS
 Ma, L |1996 |52 |1849 |Tetrahedron |HCAPLUS
 Oediger, H |1972 | |591 |Synthesis |HCAPLUS
 Reed, R |1993 |105 |1464 |Angew Chem |HCAPLUS
 Reed, R |1993 |32 |1399 |Angew Chem Int Ed |
 OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
 (2 CITINGS)

L24 ANSWER 9 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:794405 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:95297
 TITLE: Study on synthesis of trichloroacetyl chloride
 AUTHOR(S): Liu, Yaoyuan; Shen, Shitang; Chen, Xuemin
 CORPORATE SOURCE: 716 Research Department of the seventh Institute,
 China Shipping Company, Lianyungang, 222001, Peop.
 Rep. China
 SOURCE: Huaxue Shijie (1998), 39(8), 412-414
 CODEN: HUAKAB; ISSN: 0367-6358
 PUBLISHER: Shanghai Shi Huaxue Huagong Xuehui
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Chinese
 AB Chlorination of dichloroacetyl chloride with Cl2 in the presence of pyridine and p-dimethylaminopyridine gave 90% trichloroacetyl chloride.
 IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 1122-58-3, Dmap
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (synthesis of trichloroacetyl chloride)
 RN 102-71-6 HCAPLUS
 CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 23-16 (Aliphatic Compounds)
 IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 109-06-8, 2-Methylpyridine
 110-86-1, Pyridine, uses 121-44-8, Triethylamine, uses
 1122-58-3, Dmap
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (synthesis of trichloroacetyl chloride)

L24 ANSWER 10 OF 28 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:512454 HCPLUS [Full-text](#)
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:230865
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 129:46983a, 46986a
 TITLE: Preparation of unsaturated alcohols
 INVENTOR(S): Iwasaki, Shuji; Yoneda, Koichi; Onishi, Takashi
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kuraray Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 10212254	A	19980811	JP 1997-31120	19970130 <--
JP 3863957	B2	20061227		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1997-31120 19970130 <--
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 129:230865; MARPAT 129:230865
 AB Me2C:CHCH2CH2CHMe(CH2)n+2OH (n = 0-2) are prepared by reaction of
 Me2C:CHCH2CH2CXMeCHY(CH2)nCHO (X, Y = H; XY = C-C bond; n = 0-2) with H in the
 presence of Fe- or Cr-modified Raney nickel and tertiary amines or pyridines.
 Citral was hydrogenated with BLM 112w (Fe- and Cr-modified Raney Ni) in the presence
 of triethanolamine in i-ProH under 7 kg/cm2 H at 100° for 10 h to give citronellol
 with 93.2% selectivity at 100% conversion.
 IT 102-71-6, reactions 1122-58-3,
 4-(Dimethylamino)pyridine
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of unsatd. alcs. by hydrogenation of unsatd. aldehydes in the
 presence of Raney Ni catalysts and amines or pyridines)
 RN 102-71-6 HCPLUS
 CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCPLUS
 CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IPCI C07C0029-141 [I,A]; C07C0029-00 [I,C*]; C07C0033-02 [I,A]; C07C0033-00
 [I,C*]; C07B0061-00 [N,A]
 IPCR B01J0031-26 [I,C*]; B01J0031-28 [I,A]; C07B0061-00 [I,C*]; C07B0061-00

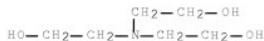
[I,A]; C07C0029-00 [I,C*]; C07C0029-141 [I,A]; C07C0033-00 [I,C*];
 C07C0033-02 [I,A]
 CC 30-10 (Terpenes and Terpenoids)
 IT 100-37-8, N,N-Diethylethanamine 102-71-6, reactions
 106-23-0, Citronellal 110-86-1, Pyridine, reactions 121-44-8,
 reactions 139-87-7, N-Ethylidethanolamine 1122-58-3,
 4-(Dimethylamino)pyridine 5392-40-5, Citral
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of unsatd. alcs. by hydrogenation of unsatd. aldehydes in the
 presence of Raney Ni catalysts and amines or pyridines)

L24 ANSWER 11 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:597489 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:221439
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 127:43161a,43164a
 TITLE: Heat-curable compositions based on cyclic isocyanate
 addition products
 INVENTOR(S): Lee, Sze-ming; Yeske, Philip E.; Priddy, Duane B.,
 Jr.; Kumpf, Robert J.; Wicks, Douglas A.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bayer Corp., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 8 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5663274	A	19970902	US 1996-658787	19960605 <--
CA 2205628	A1	19971205	CA 1997-2205628	19970516 <--
EP 811646	A2	19971210	EP 1997-108868	19970603 <--
EP 811646	A3	19980506		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
JP 10067841	A	19980310	JP 1997-160662	19970604 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1996-658787 A 19960605 <--				

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB The title addition products are the reaction products of a) a polyisocyanate component having an average isocyanate functionality of two or more and a uretdione group content (calculated as N2C2O2, MW 84) of 1 to 30%, based on the weight of the polyisocyanate component, with b) a compound containing two or more isocyanate-reactive groups, and ≥10% of the reaction products are in the form of cyclic groups containing urea and/or urethane groups. Products obtained by curing these compds., optionally in the presence of other isocyanate-reactive compds., at elevated temps., are useful as e.g., coatings, adhesives, molded articles, elastomers and foams.
 IT 102-71-6DP, cyclic addition products with isocyanates
 1122-58-3DP, reaction products with isocyanates, cyclic addition products with isocyanate-reactive compds.
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
 (heat-curable compns. based on cyclic isocyanate addition products)
 RN 102-71-6 HCAPLUS
 CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCPLUS
 CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



INCL 528073000
 IPCI C08G0018-72 [ICM,6]; C08G0018-00 [ICM,6,C*]
 IPCR C08G0018-06 [I,A]; C08G0018-00 [I,C*]; C08G0018-08 [I,A]; C08G0018-48
 [I,A]; C08G0018-79 [I,A]; C09D0175-04 [I,C*]; C09D0175-04 [I,A]
 NCL 528/073.000; 252/182.200; 525/440.020; 525/457.000; 525/458.000;
 540/455.000
 CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
 Section cross-reference(s): 42
 IT 102-71-6DP, cyclic addition products with isocyanates 110-85-0DP,
 Piperazine, cyclic addition products with isocyanates, preparation
 111-40-0DP, cyclic addition products with isocyanates 1122-58-3DP
 , reaction products with isocyanates, cyclic addition products with
 isocyanate-reactive compds. 4098-71-9DP, Isophorone diisocyanate,
 reaction products with dimethylaminopyridine, cyclic addition products with
 isocyanate-reactive compds. 165169-07-3DP, Desmodur N 3400, cyclic addition
 products with isocyanate-reactive compds.
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
 (heat-curable compns. based on cyclic isocyanate addition products)

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year (RPY)	VOL (RVL)	PG (RPG)	Referenced Work (RWK)	Referenced File
Anon				US 5191038 A	HCPLUS
Anon				US 5281669 A	HCPLUS

L24 ANSWER 12 OF 28 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:510480 HCPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:255084
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 127:49713a,49716a
 TITLE: Bimolecular photoinduced electron transfer in the
 Marcus inverted region involving the
 [Re(CO)3(4-phenylpyridine)3]+ metal-to-ligand charge
 transfer excited state, amines and their corresponding
 radical products
 AUTHOR(S): Ruiz, G.; Rodriguez-Nieto, F.; Wolcan, E.; Feliz, M.
 R.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. de Ciencias Exactas, Inst. de Investigaciones
 Fisicoquímicas Teóricas y Aplicadas, Univ. Nacional de

SOURCE: La Plata, La Plata, 1900, Argent.
 Journal of Photochemistry and Photobiology, A:
 Chemistry (1997), 107(1-3), 47-54
 CODEN: JPPCEJ; ISSN: 1010-6030

PUBLISHER: Elsevier
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

AB Bimol. electron transfer quenching of the metal-to-ligand charge transfer (MLCT) excited state of Re(CO)₃(4-phenylpyridine)3(F₃CSO₃) by amines was studied in acetonitrile at room temperature. The quenching rate consts. (k_q) vary from 1.8 + 10⁷ to 2.5 + 10¹⁰ M⁻¹ s⁻¹ (diffusion limit). Moreover, the radical recombination reaction (back electron transfer) was also studied by flash photolysis. The back electron transfer rate consts. range from 2.8 + 10⁵ to 7.0 + 10⁹ M⁻¹ s⁻¹, lying below the diffusion-controlled limit. The rate consts. show an inverse dependence on the driving force in the inverted region. All the data points can be fitted using a semiclassical model.

IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, properties 1122-58-3,
 4-Dimethylaminopyridine
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties);
 PROC (Process)
 (quencher; bimol. photoinduced electron transfer in the Marcus inverted region involving the [Re(CO)₃(4-phenylpyridine)3]⁺ metal-to-ligand charge transfer excited state, amines and their corresponding radical products)

RN 102-71-6 HCAPLUS
 CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 74-1 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
 IT 51-80-9, N,N,N',N'-Tetramethyldiaminomethane 62-53-3, Aniline, properties 92-87-5, [1,1'-Biphenyl]-4,4'-diamine 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, properties 106-50-3, 1,4-Phenylenediamine, properties 110-18-9, N,N,N',N'-Tetramethylethylenediamine 110-89-4, Piperidine, properties 121-44-8, Triethylamine, properties 280-57-9, DABCO 598-56-1, N,N-Dimethylethylamine 621-77-2, Tripentylamine 996-70-3, Tetrakis(dimethylamino)ethylene 1122-58-3, 4-Dimethylaminopyridine 7087-68-5, N,N-Diisopropylethylamine

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties);
 PROC (Process)

(quencher; bimol. photoinduced electron transfer in the Marcus inverted region involving the $\text{[Re}(\text{CO})_3(4\text{-phenylpyridine})_3]^+$ metal-to-ligand charge transfer excited state, amines and their corresponding radical products)

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year (R PY)	VOL (R VL)	PG (R PG)	Referenced Work (RWK)	Referenced File
Allen, G	1984	106	2613	I J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Ballardini, R	1978	100	17219	I J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Beitz, J	1979	71	14579	I J Chem Phys	HCAPLUS
Bexendale, J	1968	64	12389	I Trans Faraday Soc	
Burget, D	1994	90	12481	I J Chem Soc, Faraday	HCAPLUS
Caspar, J	1984	106	13492	I J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Chance, B	1979			I Tunneling in Biologi	
Chen, J	1990	94	12889	I J Phys Chem	HCAPLUS
Chen, P	1989	111	18305	I J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Chen, P	1991	95	15850	I J Phys Chem	HCAPLUS
Closs, G	1986	90	13673	I J Phys Chem	HCAPLUS
Closs, G	1988	240	1440	I Science	HCAPLUS
Creutz, C	1977	99	1241	I J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Creutz, C	1982	104	13614	I J Am Chem Soc	
Devonshire, R	1968	72	13815	I J Phys Chem	HCAPLUS
Eigen, M	1954	1	1176	I Z Phys Chem	HCAPLUS
Feliz, M	1992	96	1258	I J Phys Chem	
Ferraudi, G	1995	99	14929	I J Phys Chem	HCAPLUS
Fox, L	1990	247	11069	I Science	HCAPLUS
Fuoss, R	1958	80	15059	I J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Garcia-Einschlag, F				I KINESIM	
Giordano, P	1978	100	12257	I J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Gould, I	1987	109	13794	I J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Gould, I	1988	110	17242	I J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Gould, I	1989	111	1917	I J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Grossweiner, L	1957	61	1089	I J Phys Chem	HCAPLUS
Gunner, M	1989	111	13400	I J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Hopfield, J	1974	71	13640	I Proc Natl Acad Sci U HCAPLUS	
Irvine, M	1986	104	315	I Chem Phys	HCAPLUS
Levin, P	1988	147	1283	I Chem Phys Lett	HCAPLUS
Mann, C	1970			I Electrochemical Reac	
Marcus, R	1960	29	21	I Discuss Faraday Soc	
Marcus, R	1982	74	17	I Faraday Discuss Chem	
Marcus, R	1981	13	1865	I Int J Chem Kinet	HCAPLUS
Marcus, R	1956	24	1966	I J Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Marcus, R	1994	82	1	I J Photochem Photobio HCAPLUS	
Marcus, R	1994	98	15332	I J Phys Chem	
Marcus, R	1979			I Third International	
Martire, D	1991	23	1457	I Int J Chem Kinet	HCAPLUS
Mataga, N	1988	127	1249	I Chem Phys	HCAPLUS
McCleskey, T	1992	114	16935	I J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Meade, T	1989	111	14533	I J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Miller, J	1984	106	15057	I J Am Chem Soc	HCAPLUS
Murakami-Iha, N	1994		12565	I J Chem Soc, Dalton T	
Ohno, T	1986	90	13295	I J Phys Chem	
Ohno, T	1990	94	14871	I J Phys Chem	HCAPLUS
Riddick, J	1979			I Organic Solvents, Tel	

Riddick, J	1986	Organic Solvents, Tel
Roux, E	1977	Electrical Phenomena
Ruiz, G	1995 89 61	J Photochem Photobio HCAPLUS
Ruiz, G	1996 101 119	J Photochem Photobio HCAPLUS
Sandrinini, D	1985 89 3675	J Phys Chem HCAPLUS
Scott, J	1993 115 6820	J Am Chem Soc HCAPLUS
Siders, P	1981 103 741	J Am Chem Soc HCAPLUS
Smoluchowski, M	1917 92 129	Phys Chem
Sun, H	1994 98 11719	J Phys Chem HCAPLUS
Sutin, N	1982 15 275	Acc Chem Res HCAPLUS
Sutin, N	1983 30 1441	Prog Inorg Chem HCAPLUS
Tapolsky, G	1989 93 3885	J Phys Chem HCAPLUS
Truong, T	1986 88 3906	J Phys Chem
Turro, C	1996 118 16060	J Am Chem Soc HCAPLUS
Wender, I	1987 1	Organic Synthesis vi
Wrighton, M	1974 100 5790	J Am Chem Soc
Wrighton, M	1975 97 2073	J Am Chem Soc HCAPLUS
Yang, D	1989 91 1281	J Chem Phys HCAPLUS
Zingales, F	1967 16 1246	Inorg Chem HCAPLUS
Zingales, F	1967 1 172	Inorg Chim Acta HCAPLUS

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 17 THERE ARE 17 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (17 CITINGS)

L24 ANSWER 13 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:97199 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:100687

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 126:19361a,19364a

TITLE: Microbicalidal composition with sustained chlorine dioxide release

INVENTOR(S): Wellinghoff, Stephen T.; Kampa, Joel J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Southwest Research Institute, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 12

PATENT INFORMATION:

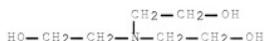
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9639030	A1	19961212	WO 1996-US9179	19960604 <--
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG				
RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN				
US 5650446	A	19970722	US 1995-465358	19950605 <--
AU 9662564	A	19961224	AU 1996-62564	19960604 <--
AU 720367	B2	20000601		
EP 774900	A1	19970528	EP 1996-921314	19960604 <--
EP 774900	B1	20030423		
R: BE, DE, DK, ES, GB, IE, IT, SE				
BR 9606463	A	19971230	BR 1996-6463	19960604 <--
JP 10504841	T	19980512	JP 1997-501564	19960604 <--
JP 3936740	B2	20070627		
HK 1013214	A1	20030808	HK 1998-114504	19981221 <--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US	1995-462039	A	19950605	<--
US	1995-465358	A	19950605	<--
US	1993-16904	B3	19930212	<--
US	1993-17657	A3	19930212	<--
US	1994-192498	B2	19940203	<--
US	1994-192499	B2	19940203	<--
US	1994-228671	A2	19940418	<--
WO	1996-US9179	W	19960604	<--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

- AB A composite for retarding bacterial, fungal and viral contamination and mold growth includes a hydrophilic material containing an α -amino ether and a chloride salt, and a hydrophobic material containing an acid releasing agent. The hydrophilic and hydrophobic materials are adjacent and free of water, and the hydrophilic material is capable of releasing chlorine dioxide upon hydrolysis of the acid releasing agent. The acid-releasing material is phosphoric acid, a trimethylsilyl phosphate ester, a dialkyl phosphate, sulfonic acid, etc.
- IT 102-71-6, uses 1122-58-3, 4-Dimethylaminopyridine
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
(microbicalid composition, with sustained chlorine dioxide release, containing)
- RN 102-71-6 HCPLUS
- CN Ethanol, 2,2',2'''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



- RN 1122-58-3 HCPLUS
CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



- IPCI A01N0025-22 [ICM, 6]
IPCR A01N0025-22 [I,C*]; A01N0025-22 [I,A]; A01N0059-00 [I,C*]; A01N0059-00 [I,A]; A01N0059-08 [I,C*]; A01N0059-08 [I,A]; A23B0009-00 [I,C*]; A23B0009-14 [I,A]; A23B0009-30 [I,A]; A23L0003-34 [I,C*]; A23L0003-3409 [I,A]; A23L0003-3454 [I,C*]; A23L0003-358 [I,A]; C01B0011-00 [I,C*]; C01B0011-02 [I,A]

- CC 5-2 (Agrochemical Bioregulators)
Section cross-reference(s): 17, 63
- IT 75-12-7, Formamide, uses 79-06-1, 2-Propenamide, uses 98-94-2,
N,N-Dimethylaminocyclohexane 102-71-6, uses 110-18-9
111-42-2, Diethanolamine, uses 141-43-5, uses 1122-58-3,
4-Dimethylaminopyridine 2210-25-5 28432-97-5 38245-21-5 93505-76-1
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
(microbicalid composition, with sustained chlorine dioxide release, containing)

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year (RPY)	VOL (RVL)	PG (RPG)	Referenced Work (RWK)	Referenced File
Anon				EP 0287074 A2	HCAPLUS
Anon				US 5360609 A	HCAPLUS

L24 ANSWER 14 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:193221 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:193221
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 120:34199a,34202a
 TITLE: Production of plastics containing amide groups
 INVENTOR(S): Kluth, Hermann; Daute, Peter; Klein, Johann;
 Gruetzmacher, Roland; Klauck, Wolfgang
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Henkel K.-G.a.A., Germany
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 61 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: German
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9315121	A1	19930805	WO 1993-EP145	19930122 <--
W: AU, BR, CA, FI, HU, JP, KR, NO, PL, US				
RN: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
DE 4202758	A1	19930805	DE 1992-4202758	19920131 <--
DE 4202758	C2	20030626		
DE 4215647	A1	19931118	DE 1992-4215647	19920513 <--
DE 4215647	B4	20060413		
DE 4242018	A1	19940616	DE 1992-4242018	19921212 <--
CA 2129253	C	19930805	CA 1993-2129253	19930122 <--
AU 9333521	A	19930901	AU 1993-33521	19930122 <--
AU 667869	B2	19960418		
EP 624170	A1	19941117	EP 1993-902243	19930122 <--
EP 624170	B1	19980826		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, MC, NL, PT, SE				
JP 07503037	T	19950330	JP 1993-512917	19930122 <--
JP 3309980	B2	20020729		
BR 9305821	A	19970218	BR 1993-5821	19930122 <--
US 5527876	A	19960618	US 1994-256993	19940729 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			DE 1992-4202758	A 19920131 <--
			DE 1992-4215647	A 19920513 <--
			DE 1992-4242018	A 19921212 <--
			WO 1993-EP145	W 19930122 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB The reaction of polyisocyanates with carboxylic acids and, optionally, alcs. or primary or secondary amines in the presence of tertiary amine catalysts proceeds with such vigorous evolution of CO₂ as to give amide group-containing plastic foams without the use of blowing agents. The reaction of 15 g dimer acids with 7.88 g MDI in EtOH containing 0.92 g silicone surfactant and 0.12 g 1-methylimidazole gave a polymer foam with bulk d. 0.0535 and start time 59 s.

IT 1122-58-3, 4-(Dimethylamino)pyridine

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (catalyst, for the polymerization of carboxylic acids with isocyanates)

RN 1122-58-3 HCAPLUS

CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 102-71-6DP, Triethanolamine, polymers with rape-seed fatty acids
and MDI
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PREP (Preparation);
PROC (Process)
(cellular, manufacture of, catalysts for)
RN 102-71-6 HCPLUS
CN Ethanol, 2,2',2'''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



IPCI C08G0018-34 [ICM,5]; C08G0018-18 [ICS,5]; C08G0018-20 [IICS,5]; C08G0069-00
[ICS,5]; C08G0018-34 [ICI,5]; C08G0018-00 [ICI,5,C*]; C08G0101-00 [ICI,5]
IPCR C08G0069-00 [I,C*]; C08G0069-00 [I,A]; C08G0018-00 [I,C*]; C08G0018-18
[I,A]; C08G0018-20 [I,A]; C08G0018-30 [I,A]; C08G0018-34 [I,A];
C08G0018-66 [I,A]; C08G0101-00 [N,A]; C08J0005-18 [I,C*]; C08J0005-18
[I,A]; C09D0177-00 [I,C*]; C09D0177-00 [I,A]; C09J0177-00 [I,C*];
C09J0177-00 [I,A]; D01F0006-58 [I,C*]; D01F0006-70 [I,A]

CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
Section cross-reference(s): 67
IT 102-82-9, Tributylamine 103-83-3, N,N-Dimethylbenzylamine 106-58-1,
1,4-Dimethylpiperazine 110-86-1, Pyridine, uses 616-47-7,
1-Methylimidazole 1122-58-3, 4-(Dimethylamino)pyridine
1704-62-7, 2-[2-(Dimethylamino)ethoxy]ethanol 2456-81-7,
4-Pyrrolidinopyridine 6425-39-4, 4,4'-(Oxydiethylene)dimorpholine
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
(catalyst, for the polymerization of carboxylic acids with isocyanates)

IT 64-18-6DP, Formic acid, reaction products with polyols and MDI
64-19-7DP, Acetic acid, reaction products with polyols and MDI
101-68-8DP, MDI, polymers with polycarboxylic acids 102-71-6DP
, Triethanolamine, polymers with rape-seed fatty acids and MDI
103-71-9DP, Phenyl isocyanate, reaction products with caprylic acid and
octanol 112-80-1DP, Oleic acid, reaction products with polyols and MDI
123-96-6DP, 2-Octanol, reaction products with caprylic acid and Ph
isocyanate 124-07-2DP, Caprylic acid, reaction products with octanol and
Ph isocyanate 822-06-0DP, HMDI, polymers with polyols and dimer acids
25723-16-4DP, Desmophen 550U, polymers with HMDI and dimer acids
82645-68-9P 110933-45-4P 153847-12-2P
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PREP (Preparation);
PROC (Process)
(cellular, manufacture of, catalysts for)

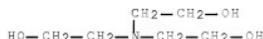
RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year (RPY)	VOL (RVL)	PG (RPG)	Referenced Work (RWK)	Referenced File
Anon				FR 1289074 A	
Anon				US 3557027 A	HCAPLUS
Anon				US 3620987 A	HCAPLUS
Anon				US 4016144 A	HCAPLUS
Anon				GB 908337 A	

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPIUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(3 CITINGS)

L24 ANSWER 15 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:77024 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:77024
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 120:13849a,13852a
 TITLE: Preparation of N-substituted m-aminophenol derivatives as materials for color formers
 INVENTOR(S): Fujii, Hiroshi; Igaki, Tetsuo; Shibasaki, Hiroaki;
 Takahashi, Susumu
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Soda Co, Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05238994	A	19930917	JP 1992-76062	19920227 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1992-76062	19920227 <--
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREACT 120:77024; MARPAT 120:77024			
AB	The title derivs. are prepared by treating amines R1NHR2 [R1, R2 = H, C1-8 alkyl or alkenyl, (un)substituted cycloalkyl; R1 = R2 ≠ H] with resorcin in the presence of Lewis acid catalysts and ≥1 tertiary amine cocatalysts. PrNH2 was added dropwise to a refluxing mixture of resorcin, pseudocumene, γ-picoline, and ZnCl2 over 7 h and the reaction mixture was refluxed for another 2 h to give 87% 3-N-n-propylaminophenol.			
IT	102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 1122-58-3, 4-Dimethylaminopyridine RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses) (catalysts containing, for amination of resorcin)			
RN	102-71-6 HCAPLUS			
CN	Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris-	(CA INDEX NAME)		



RN 1122-58-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IPCI C07C0215-76 [ICM,5]; C07C0215-00 [ICM,5,C*]; B01J0027-138 [ICS,5];
 B01J0027-06 [ICS,5,C*]; B01J0031-02 [ICS,5]; C07C0213-02 [ICS,5];
 C07C0213-00 [ICS,5,C*]; C07B0061-00 [ICA,5]
 IPCR B01J0027-06 [I,C*]; B01J0027-138 [I,A]; B01J0031-02 [I,C*]; B01J0031-02
 [I,A]; C07B0061-00 [I,C*]; C07B0061-00 [I,A]; C07C0213-00 [I,C*];
 C07C0213-02 [I,A]; C07C0215-00 [I,C*]; C07C0215-76 [I,A]
 CC 25-10 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds)
 Section cross-reference(s): 41
 IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 108-89-4, γ -Picoline
 1122-58-3, 4-Dimethylaminopyridine 7446-70-0, Aluminum chloride,
 uses 7646-85-7, Zinc chloride, uses
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (catalysts containing, for amination of resorcin)

L24 ANSWER 16 OF 28 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:642942 HCPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:242942
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 119:43135a,43138a
 TITLE: Detection of nucleic acids with immobilized
 polynucleotide analogs and polycationic reporter
 moieties
 INVENTOR(S): Summerton, James; Weller, Dwight
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Anti-gene Development Group, USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 43 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 712,396.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 11
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5217866	A	19930608	US 1986-944707	19861218 <--
EP 639582	A2	19950222	EP 1994-116630	19860314 <--
EP 639582	A3	19950906		
EP 639582	B1	19980916		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
US 5142047	A	19920825	US 1987-100033	19870923 <--
US 5034506	A	19910723	US 1989-454055	19891220 <--
US 5235033	A	19930810	US 1989-454056	19891220 <--
US 5185444	A	19930209	US 1991-799681	19911121 <--
US 5521063	A	19960528	US 1993-15211	19930209 <--
US 5378841	A	19950103	US 1993-74120	19930608 <--
US 5470974	A	19951128	US 1994-202664	19940225 <--
US 5506337	A	19960409	US 1994-242159	19940511 <--
US 5698685	A	19971216	US 1995-414018	19950331 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1985-712396	A2 19850315 <--
			US 1986-907842	A2 19860910 <--

US 1986-911258	A2 19860924 <--
EP 1986-902595	A3 19860314 <--
US 1986-944707	A2 19861218 <--
US 1987-100033	A2 19870923 <--
US 1989-454055	A2 19891220 <--
US 1989-454056	A1 19891220 <--
US 1989-454057	B1 19891220 <--
US 1991-719732	A2 19910620 <--
US 1991-799681	A1 19911121 <--
US 1992-880883	B1 19920508 <--
US 1992-979158	A1 19921128 <--
US 1992-988895	B2 19921210 <--
US 1993-15211	A2 19930209 <--
US 1994-242159	A3 19940511 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB A fast, sensitive, single-probe method for detection of nucleic acids using a carrier-bound polynucleotide analog as probe and a reporter moiety with a polycationic tail is described. The hybridization probe is a polymer carrying purines and pyrimidines on an achiral, uncharged backbone; the backbone has no net charge and is 4-7 atoms long to give the appropriate spacing for successful base-pairing. The reporter moiety has a polycationic tail that reacts with the polyanionic backbone of the bound nucleic acid, but not with the uncharged probe. A 19-subunit carbamate-linked probe for a conserved sequence of the AIDS virus was prepared by stepwise assembly of oligonucleotide blocks using chemical of the prior art. Aminomethylated polystyrene was derivatized with succinic anhydride followed by disuccinimidio carbonate and 6-aminohexanol to give a hydroxyterminated spacer that was then activated by standard methods. Internal amino groups were protected and the probe was then coupled to the carrier using an active amino group. The coupling of reporter enzymes to the polycationic reporter moiety is also described.

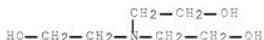
IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reactions of, in preparation matrix for immobilization of oligonucleotide analogs with uncharged backbones)

RN 102-71-6 HCPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2',2'''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 1122-58-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reactions of, in preparation thiocarbamate-linked oligonucleotides)

RN 1122-58-3 HCPLUS

CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



INCL 435006000
 IPCI C12Q0001-68 [ICM,5]
 IPCR A61K0047-48 [I,C*]; A61K0047-48 [I,A]; C07H0021-00 [I,C*]; C07H0021-00 [I,A]; C07K0014-00 [I,C*]; C07K0014-00 [I,A]; C12Q0001-68 [I,C*]; C12Q0001-68 [I,A]
 NCL 435/006.000; 436/501.000
 CC 3-1 (Biochemical Genetics)
 Section cross-reference(s): 7, 9
 IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, reactions 108-30-5, Succinic anhydride, reactions 556-33-2, Triglycine 7087-68-5, Diisopropylethylamine 9003-53-6D, Polystyrene, aminomethylated 9004-34-6, Cellulose, reactions 12640-54-9D, Dowex 50, pyridinium resins 16969-45-2D, Dowex 50 resins 74124-79-1
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reactions of, in preparation matrix for immobilization of oligonucleotide analogs with uncharged backbones)
 IT 1122-58-3
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (reactions of, in preparation thiocarbamate-linked oligonucleotides)

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year VOL PG	Referenced Work (RPT) (RVL) (RPG)	Referenced (RWK)	Referenced File
Anon		US 4166105 A		HCAPLUS
Anon		US 4362531 A		HCAPLUS
Anon		US 4395486 A		HCAPLUS
Anon		US 4430496 A		HCAPLUS
Anon		US 4469863 A		HCAPLUS
Anon		US 4486539 A		HCAPLUS
Anon		US 4507433 A		HCAPLUS
Anon		US 4558047 A		HCAPLUS
Anon		US 4749647 A		HCAPLUS
Anon		US 4757055 A		HCAPLUS
Anon		US 4775619 A		HCAPLUS
Anon		US 5034506 A		HCAPLUS
Anon		JP 9118898 A		

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 98 THERE ARE 98 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (131 CITINGS)

L24 ANSWER 17 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:562292 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:162292
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 119:29081a,29084a
 TITLE: Surface-modified polyacrylonitrile fibrous substrates
 INVENTOR(S): Chang, Laurence W.; Anderson, Larry S.; Ley, David A.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): American Cyanamid Co., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 13 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 348,454,
 abandoned.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
------------	------	------	-----------------	------

US 5155174	A	19921013	US 1990-552724	19900713 <--
US 5270384	A	19931214	US 1992-894988	19920608 <--
US 5284910	A	19940208	US 1992-911543	19920709 <--
US 5306782	A	19940426	US 1993-107090	19930816 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1989-348454	B2 19890508 <--
			US 1990-552724	A3 19900713 <--
			US 1990-552742	B3 19900716 <--
			US 1992-894988	A3 19920608 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB The products are manufactured by contacting fibrillated fibers comprising acrylonitrile or a copolymer of acrylonitrile and ≥ 1 comonomer with an alkaline catalyst, a peroxide, and optionally a reducing agent to convert a portion of the nitrile groups to amide groups, treating with a halogenating agent to convert a portion of the amide groups to N-haloamide groups, and treating with bioactive ligands to effect bonding of the ligand to the fibers through the N-haloamide groups. A 99:1 acrylonitrile-Me acrylate copolymer fiber was converted to a fiber containing .apprx.10% amide groups, was chlorinated, and reacted with ethylenediamine through a Hofmann rearrangement; the attachment served as a bridging group to attach bioligands.

IT 102-71-6D, Triethanolamine, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 1122-58-3D,
4-(Dimethylamino)pyridine, reaction products with modified acrylic fibers
RL: USES (Uses)
(in manufacture of bioligand-containing acrylic fibers)

RN 102-71-6 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCAPLUS
CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



INCL 525329100
IPCI C08F0008-34 [ICM,5]; C08F0008-00 [ICM,5,C*]
IPC R C08F0008-00 [I,C*]; C08F0008-00 [I,A]
NCL 525/329.100; 008/115.640; 008/115.680; 008/115.690; 525/329.200;
525/329.300; 525/344.000; 525/366.000; 525/370.000; 525/374.000;
525/375.000; 525/379.000; 525/383.000; 525/386.000
CC 40-2 (Textiles and Fibers)
Section cross-reference(s): 9
IT 56-40-6D, Glycine, reaction products with modified acrylic fibers

56-81-5D, Glycerol, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 60-32-2D, 6-Aminocaproic acid, reaction products with modified acrylic fibers 67-56-1D, Methanol, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 77-86-1D, Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 100-36-7D, reaction products with modified acrylic fibers 102-71-6D, Triethanolamine, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 104-78-9D, 3-(Diethylamino)propylamine, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 107-10-8D, Propylamine, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 107-15-3D, Ethylenediamine, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 107-21-1D, Ethylene glycol, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 107-35-7D, 2-Aminoethanesulfonic acid, reaction products with modified acrylic fibers 107-95-9D, β -Alanine, reaction products with modified acrylic fibers 108-30-5D, Succinic anhydride, reaction products with modified acrylic fibers 109-89-7D, Diethylamine, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 111-40-0D, Diethylenetriamine, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 111-42-2D, Diethanolamine, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 111-46-6D, Diethylene glycol, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 112-27-6D, Triethylene glycol, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 124-09-4D, 1,6-Hexanediamine, reaction products with modified acrylic fibers 124-30-1D, Octadecylamine, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 141-43-5D, Ethanolamine, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 530-62-1D, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 929-59-9D, Jeffamine EDR-148, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 1071-93-8D, reaction products with modified acrylic fibers 1122-58-3D, 4-(Dimethylamino)pyridine, reaction products with modified acrylic fibers 1892-57-5D, 1-[3-(Dimethylamino)propyl]-3-ethylcarbodiimide, reaction products with modified acrylic fibers 2016-57-1D, Decylamine, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 6066-82-6D, N-Hydroxysuccinimide, reaction products with modified acrylic fibers 7693-46-1D, p-Nitrophenyl chloroformate, reaction products with modified acrylic fibers 9004-54-0D, Dextran, reaction products with chloroamide group-containing acrylic fibers 12236-82-7D, reaction products with modified acrylic fibers 58086-67-2D, reaction products with modified acrylic fibers 74124-79-1D, N,N'-Disuccinimidyl carbonate, reaction products with modified acrylic fibers

RL: USES (Uses)

(in manufacture of bioligand-containing acrylic fibers)

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year (R PY)	VOL (R VL)	PG (R PG)	Referenced Work (RWK)	Referenced File
Anon				[US 3988504 A]	[HCAPLUS]
Anon				[US 4143203 A]	[HCAPLUS]
Anon				[US 4350804 A]	[HCAPLUS]
Anon				[US 4530974 A]	[HCAPLUS]
Anon				[US 5059659 A]	[HCAPLUS]

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(2 CITINGS)

L24 ANSWER 18 OF 28 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:429192 HCPLUS [Full-text](#)
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:29192
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 119:5405a,5408a
 TITLE: Preparation of reactive triazine-substituted aromatic polymers
 INVENTOR(S): Brown, Sterling Bruce; Walles, Eric Wilhelm
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): General Electric Co., USA
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 13 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 522767	A2	19930113	EP 1992-306008	19920630 <--
EP 522767	A3	19930512		
EP 522767	B1	19961218		
R: DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, NL				
JP 05194724	A	19930803	JP 1992-175246	19920702 <--
JP 07055982	B	19950614		
US 5264496	A	19931123	US 1992-941610	19920908 <--
			US 1991-726104	A 19910705 <--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: MARPAT 119:29192

OTHER SOURCE(S): AB Hydroxy group-containing aromatic polymers (I) are substituted or capped with ≥1 chlorotriazine group in presence of 2-30% (based on I) H₂O, a nonpolar organic liquid, a phase-transfer catalyst, and ≥1 tertiary amine from (1) N-containing heterocyclic aromatic and bicycloaliph. amines; (2) trialkylamines; and (3) N-alkylheterocyclic amines which may contain an addnl. ring hetero atom (N or O). Thus, to 200 g poly(2,6-dimethyl-p-phenylene ether) (II) in 550 mL PhMe and 2 g methyltri(C₈-10-alkyl)ammonium chloride catalyst was added Me₂NBu in H₂O and 2-chloro-4-(2,4,6-trimethylphenoxy)-6-glycidoxy-1,3,5-triazine (III) (in PhMe) at II-Me₂NBu-III equiv ratio 1:3.0:2.04 at 70-75° under N to give, on precipitation with MeOH, a product with 76% capping (NMR).
 IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses 1122-58-3,
 4-Dimethylaminopyridine
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (in end-capping polyoxyphenylenes with chlorotriazines)

RN 102-71-6 HCPLUS
 CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCPLUS
 CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IPCI C08G0065-48 [ICM,5]; C08G0065-00 [ICM,5,C*]; C08F0008-30 [ICS,5];
C08F0008-00 [ICS,5,C*]; C08K0005-17 [ICS,5]; C08K0005-00 [ICS,5,C*]
IPCR C08F0008-00 [I,C*]; C08F0008-30 [I,A]; C08G0065-00 [I,C*]; C08G0065-48
[I,A]; C08G0085-00 [I,C*]; C08G0085-00 [I,A]

CC 37-2 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

IT 75-50-3, Trimethylamine, uses 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses
102-82-9, Tributylamine 108-01-0 109-02-4, N-Methylmorpholine
110-86-1, Pyridine, uses 121-44-8, Triethylamine, uses 150-77-6
616-47-7, N-Methylimidazole 927-62-8, Butyldimethylamine
1122-58-3, 4-Dimethylaminopyridine 3405-45-6, Dibutylmethylamine
4456-26-9, Di-n-octylmethylamine 7087-68-5, Diisopropylethylamine
RL: USES (Uses)

(in end-capping polyoxyphenylenes with chlorotriazines)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(4 CITINGS)

L24 ANSWER 19 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:498603 HCAPLUS Full-text
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:98603
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 111:16599a,16602a
TITLE: Metabolically acceptable polyisocyanate adhesives and
their surgical uses
INVENTOR(S): Fuller, William D.; Blair, Robert K.; Goodman, Murray
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): BioResearch, Inc., USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 78 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 8900589	A1	19890126	WO 1988-US2399	19880715 <--
W: AU, JP				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE				
US 4829099	A	19890509	US 1987-74597	19870717 <--
AU 8821317	A	19890213	AU 1988-21317	19880715 <--
AU 601351	B2	19900906		
EP 328585	A1	19890823	EP 1988-906631	19880715 <--
EP 328585	B1	19940907		
R: DE, FR, GB, IT				
JP 02500815	T	19900322	JP 1988-506445	19880715 <--
ES 2018635	A6	19910416	ES 1988-2297	19880717 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1987-74597	A 19870717 <--
			WO 1988-US2399	A 19880715 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

GI



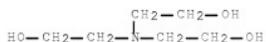
AB Title adhesives are prepared from (a) I ($R = C1-10$ polyvalent aliphatic radical or $C6-24$ polyvalent aromatic, radical; $A = C, S, P$; $Z = O, S$; $y = 1$ when $A = C$ or P ; $y = 2$ when $A = S$; $n = 1-2$; $p \geq 1$; $q = 0, 1$ except $q = 0$ when $A = C$ or S ; $r = 0, 1$ except $r = 0$ when $A = C$ or S ; $X =$ organic compound residue having terminal active H-containing groups; $X1 =$ organic compound residue having ≥ 1 active H-containing group) and (b) organic compds. containing ≥ 2 active H atoms. Thus, bis(4-isocyanatobenzoyl)tetraethylene glycol [prepared by heating p-nitrobenzoyl chloride and tetraethylene glycol (2:1:0 mol ratio), reduction with H, and refluxing with phosgene in PhMe solution] was added with 2,3,5-trimethylpyrazine (0.05 mol/mol NCO groups), applied onto cellulose dialysis membrane, and cured in 100% humidity chamber to exhibit adhesive strength 2087 g/0.5 in.

IT 102-71-6, uses and miscellaneous 1122-58-3

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
(catalysts, polyisocyanate-based adhesives containing, for living tissue
and surgical use)

RN 102-71-6 HCPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCPLUS

CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IPCI C08G0018-72 [ICM, 4]; C08G0018-00 [ICM, 4,C*]

IPCR A61L0026-00 [I,C*]; A61L0026-00 [I,A]; A61L0024-00 [I,C*]; A61L0024-04 [I,A]; C08G0018-00 [I,C*]; C08G0018-16 [I,A]; C08G0018-18 [I,A]; C08G0018-20 [I,A]; C08G0018-77 [I,A]; C09J0175-00 [I,C*]; C09J0175-00 [I,A]

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

IT 77-58-7 91-63-4, Quinaldine 93-60-7, Methyl nicotinate 100-55-0, 3-Pyridyl carbinol 102-71-6, uses and miscellaneous 108-01-0 108-75-8, 2,4,6-Collidine 109-02-4, N-Methylmorpholine 110-86-1, Pyridine, uses and miscellaneous 120-85-4, 1,2,4-Trimethylpiperazine 121-44-8, uses and miscellaneous 289-80-5, Pyridazine 289-95-2, Pyrimidine 301-10-0 614-18-6, Ethyl nicotinate 1067-33-0, Dibutyltindiacetate 1122-58-3 3978-81-2, 4-tert-Butylpyridine 5166-67-6, Ethyl 1-methylnipeacetate 5966-51-8 6164-79-0, Methyl 2-pyrazine carboxylate 7375-15-7 14667-55-1, 2,3,5-Trimethylpyrazine 26444-72-4, Tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol 39931-77-6, Ethyl 3-pyridylacetate
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (catalysts, polyisocyanate-based adhesives containing, for living tissue and surgical use)

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year (RPY)	VOL (RVL)	PG (RPG)	Referenced Work (RWK)	Referenced File
Anon				US 3437680 A	HCAPLUS

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
 (7 CITINGS)

L24 ANSWER 20 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:205021 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 108:205021

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 108:33705a,33708a

TITLE: Preparation of ascorbic acid derivative

INVENTOR(S): Myamoto, Takaji; Kawanaka, Hajime

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ryuhodo Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

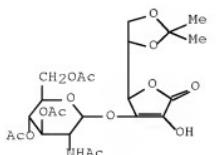
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 62033195	A	19870213	JP 1985-172166	19850805 <-- JP 1985-172166 19850805 <--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

GI



AB The title derivative (I), stable to heat, light, enzymes, metal ions, and pH change, was prepared by treating 5,6-O-isopropylidene-L-ascorbic acid (II) with tetraacetylglucosaminyl chloride in organic solvents in the presence of organic bases. Thus, treating II with 3,4,6-tri-O-acetyl-2-acetamido-2-deoxy- β -D-glucopyranosyl chloride in 1-propanol in the presence of 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene at room temperature for 1 h gave 43% I.

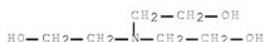
IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses and miscellaneous

1122-58-3, 4-(Dimethylamino)pyridine

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
(catalyst, for glycosidation of isopropylideneascorbic acid with peracetylglucosaminyl chloride)

RN 102-71-6 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCAPLUS

CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IPCI C07H0017-04 [ICM, 4]; C07H0017-00 [ICM, 4, C*]; A61K0007-00 [ICA, 4]

IPCR C07H0017-00 [I, C*]; C07H0017-04 [I, A]; A61K0008-30 [I, C*]; A61K0008-60 [I, A]; A61K0008-67 [I, A]; A61Q0019-00 [I, C*]; A61Q0019-00 [I, A]

CC 33-8 (Carbohydrates)

IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses and miscellaneous 108-91-8,
Cyclohexylamine, uses and miscellaneous 110-86-1, Pyridine, uses and
miscellaneous 121-44-8, Triethylamine, uses and miscellaneous
1122-58-3, 4-(Dimethylamino)pyridine

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
(catalyst, for glycosidation of isopropylideneascorbic acid with peracetylglucosaminyl chloride)

L24 ANSWER 21 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:424285 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:24285

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 107:4114h,4115a

TITLE: Benzoquin derivative preparation for photocurable compositions

INVENTOR(S): Trieschmann, Christa; Mueller, Johann; Doskocil,

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Walter; Tosch, Pius
 SOURCE: Wacker-Chemie G.m.b.H., Fed. Rep. Ger.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Ger. Offen., 6 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

LANGUAGE: Patent

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: German 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 3532250	A1	19870319	DE 1985-3532250	19850910 <--
EP 214665	A2	19870318	EP 1986-112561	19860910 <--
EP 214665	A3	19870930		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL				
JP 62067093	A	19870326	JP 1986-211829	19860910 <--
JP 62068801	A	19870328	JP 1986-211828	19860910 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1985-3532250	A 19850910 <--

AB The title derivs., effective in either UV or halogen light to depths of ≥3 mm, are prepared by the reaction of benzoin, or its derivs. retaining free OH groups, with tertiary amines and the compns. to be photocured. Refluxing benzoin 21.2, triethanolamine 14.9, and PhMe 100 g for 2 h gave a crystalline, yellowish product (I). A mixture of 23.5% acid-catalyzed reaction product of 1240 g (trimethoxysilyl)propyl methacrylate and 108 g (Me3Si)2O, 5% I, 4.6% triethylene glycol dimethacrylate, 3.4% pyrolytic SiO2, and 63.5% quartz fluor was placed in a cylindrical mold (diameter 3 mm) and exposed for .apprx.30 s to a UV or halogen lamp, curing to a depth of 3.4 and 3.3 mm, resp.

IT 102-71-6D, Triethanolamine, reaction products with benzoin derivs. 1122-58-3D, 4-(Dimethylamino)pyridine, reaction products with benzoin derivs.

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (catalysts, for photochem. crosslinking of plastics)

RN 102-71-6 HCPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCPLUS
 CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IPCI C07G0017-00 [ICM,4]; C07F0007-18 [ICS,4]; C07F0007-00 [ICS,4,C*];
 C08F0002-50 [ICS,4]; C08F0002-46 [ICS,4,C*]

IPC/C C07F0007-00 [I,C*]; C07F0007-18 [I,A]; C08F0002-00 [I,C*]; C08F0002-00 [I,A]; C08F0002-46 [I,C*]; C08F0002-50 [I,A]; G03F0007-031 [I,C*]; G03F0007-031 [I,A]

CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)

Section cross-reference(s): 25

IT 98-94-2D, N,N-Dimethylcyclohexylamine, reaction products with benzoin derivs. 102-71-6D, Triethanolamine, reaction products with benzoin derivs. 119-53-9D, Benzoin, reaction products with tertiary amines 1122-58-3D, 4-(Dimethylamino)pyridine, reaction products with benzoin derivs. 92177-27-0D, reaction products with tertiary amines

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(catalysts, for photochem. crosslinking of plastics)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(1 CITINGS)

L24 ANSWER 22 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:624452 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:224452

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 103:36025a,36028a

TITLE: Photochromic substances

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pilot Pen Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

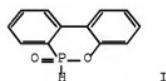
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 60086540	A	19850516	JP 1983-193540	19831018 <-- 19831018 <--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

GI



AB Photochromic compns. contain leuco dye, a photoredox system, and alc. type OH group-containing compound and/or N-containing base. The photochromic compns. exhibit good storage stability and durability (under repeated uses). Thus, Crystal Violet lactone 1, I 5, and trioctylamine 3 parts were kneaded and formed into a photochromic sheet (colorless) which became dark blue upon light exposure.

IT 102-71-6, properties

RL: PRP (Properties)

(photochromic substances containing leuco dye and photoredox compound and)

RN 102-71-6 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 1122-58-3
 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
 (photochromic substances containing leuco dye and photoredox compound and)
 RN 1122-58-3 HCPLUS
 CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IPCI G03C0001-733 [ICM,4]; G02F0001-17 [ICS,4]; G02F0001-01 [ICS,4,C*];
 G02B0005-23 [ICA,4]; G02B0005-22 [ICA,4,C*]
 IPCR G02B0005-22 [I,C*]; G02B0005-23 [I,A]; G02F0001-01 [I,C*]; G02F0001-17
 [I,A]; G03C0001-73 [I,C*]; G03C0001-73 [I,A]
 CC 74-9 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
 Reprographic Processes)
 IT 56-81-5, properties 60-12-8 95-54-5, properties 98-00-0 100-51-6,
 properties 102-71-6, properties 108-93-0, uses and
 miscellaneous 110-91-8D, Mannich reaction products with
 tert-butylcatechol 112-30-1 112-53-8 112-92-5
 RL: PRP (Properties)
 (photochromic substances containing leuco dye and photoredox compound and)
 IT 143-28-2 620-40-6 1116-76-3 1122-58-3 1338-41-6
 2016-42-4 2190-04-7 9002-98-6 9003-11-6 11128-96-4 12642-13-6
 25119-82-8 25322-68-3 25322-69-4 25791-96-2 26222-42-4
 26266-57-9 27213-78-1D, Mannich reaction products with morpholine
 36653-82-4 52625-13-5 82682-24-4 98507-52-9
 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
 (photochromic substances containing leuco dye and photoredox compound and)

L24 ANSWER 23 OF 28 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:199405 HCPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:199405
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 102:31187a,31190a
 TITLE: Reagents, test kits and methods for the detection of
 cannabinoids
 INVENTOR(S): Spiro, Baruch
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Erez Forensic Technology Ltd., Israel
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 25 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 132313	A2	19850130	EP 1984-304306	19840626 <--
EP 132313	A3	19860604		
EP 132313	B1	19910918		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE IL 69075 IL 69316 US 4771005 AT 67604	A A A T	19871231 19871231 19880913 19911015	IL 1983-69075 IL 1983-69316 US 1984-619901 AT 1984-304306	19830627 <-- 19830725 <-- 19840612 <-- 19840626 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			IL 1983-69075 IL 1983-69316 EP 1984-304306	A 19830627 <-- A 19830725 <-- A 19840626 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 102:199405

AB Prepackaged test kits for the detection of cannabinoids comprise an organic solvent and a diazonium salt which undergoes a characteristic color change when combined with a cannabinoid under basic conditions. The diazonium cation is selected from the group consisting of Fast Blue BB diazonium cation, Fast Red diazonium cation, Fast Garnet GBC, etc., and the anion preferably is perchlorate, an aryl sulfonate, etc. The organic solvent is selected from a group consisting of CH₂C₁₂ [75-09-2], CHCl₃ [67-66-3], etc. The reagent may be dispensed in an aerosol container or dispenser in combination with a propellant. Thus, yellow picrate [96382-81-9] of Fast Blue BB is prepared by dissolving its 2.4 mmol chloride [119-99-3] in 30 mL water at 0° and adding 2.4 mmol picric acid [88-89-1] in a little water all at once. The yellow solid (0.5%) is dissolved in CH₂C₁₂; triethanolamine [102-71-6] is dissolved in 1% EtOH [64-17-5] and both picrate and the developer reagent are placed in sep. aerosol containers. The suspected materials are sprayed after silica or alumina TLC in 85:15 CHCl₃-petroleum ether. Cannabidiol [13956-29-1], Δ₉-THC [1972-08-3], and cannabinol [521-35-7] give orange, scarlet, and violet colors, resp.

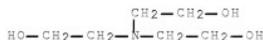
IT 102-71-6, biological studies 1122-58-3

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(in prepackaged kit as organic base, for cannabinoid detection, forensic)

RN 102-71-6 HCPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCPLUS

CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IPCI G01N0031-22 [ICM, 4]; C07C0113-04 [ICS, 4]
 IPCR C09B0067-00 [I,C*]; C09B0067-36 [I,A]; G01N0033-94 [I,C*]; G01N0033-94
 [I,A]

CC 4-2 (Toxicology)

Section cross-reference(s): 1

IT 102-71-6, biological studies 108-75-8 110-89-4, biological
 studies 1122-58-3 5683-33-0 13450-67-4

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(in prepackaged kit as organic base, for cannabinoid detection, forensic)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
 (5 CITINGS)

L24 ANSWER 24 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:5441 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:5441

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 100:931a,934a

TITLE: Influence of heteroaromatic amines on Knoevenagel condensation

AUTHOR(S): Yamanaka, Hiroshi; Yokoyama, Masaaki; Sakamoto, Takao;
 Shiraishi, Takayuki; Sagi, Mataichi; Mizugaki,
 Michinao

CORPORATE SOURCE: Pharm. Inst., Tohoku Univ., Sendai, 980, Japan

SOURCE: Heterocycles (1983), 20(8), 1541-4

CODEN: HTCYAM; ISSN: 0385-5414

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 100:5441

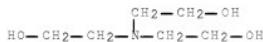
AB In the Knoevenagel condensation of hexanal and malonic acid, the ratio of α,β - and β,γ -unsatd. acids was remarkably affected by the nature of tertiary amines used as catalysts. E.g., the condensation in pyridine or isoquinoline gave 2-octenoic acid selectively, whereas the condensation in 2-methylpyridine, 2,6-dimethylpyridine, or quinoline gave 3-octenoic acid as a main product.

IT 102-71-6, uses and miscellaneous 1122-58-3

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (catalysts, for Knoevenagel condensation)

RN 102-71-6 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2',2'''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCAPLUS

CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 22-4 (Physical Organic Chemistry)
 IT 91-22-5, uses and miscellaneous 102-71-6, uses and
 miscellaneous 108-48-5 108-89-4 108-99-6 109-06-8 110-86-1, uses
 and miscellaneous 119-65-3 121-44-8, uses and miscellaneous
 121-69-7, uses and miscellaneous 280-57-9 766-09-6 1122-58-3
 6674-22-2
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (catalysts, for Knoevenagel condensation)
 OS.CITING REF COUNT: 17 THERE ARE 17 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS
 RECORD (17 CITINGS)

L24 ANSWER 25 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:105293 HCAPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 96:105293
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 96:17315a,17318a
 TITLE: Promoting the low temperature cure of polyester resins
 INVENTOR(S): Jefferson, Donald E.; Coe, Charles G.; Beitchman,
 Burton D.; Uffner, Melville W.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Air Products and Chemicals, Inc., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 7 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4309511	A	19820105	US 1979-45446	19790604 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1979-45446	19790604 <--
AB A 3-component promoter for enhancing the curing of unsatd. polyester compns. comprises a Co ²⁺ salt, a Cu ²⁺ salt, and a tertiary amine. Thus, Paraplex P 43 [63798-89-0] 100, Co(OAc) ₂ 1.0, CuCl ₂ 0.5, 1-phenylpiperazine [92-54-6] 0.27, and MeETCO peroxide 2.0 g were mixed to give a composition having gel time 3 min 36 s, cure time 6 min 6 s, tack free time 8 min, and time to Barcol hardness 40 37 min. Shelf life without the peroxide catalyst was >30 days compared with <36 h for a dimethylaniline promoted resin.				
IT 102-71-6, uses and miscellaneous 1122-58-3				
RL: USES (Uses)				
(catalyst compns. containing, for low temperature curing unsatd. polyesters)				
RN 102-71-6 HCAPLUS				
CN Ethanol, 2,2',2'''-nitrilotris-	(CA INDEX NAME)			



RN 1122-58-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



INCL 525014000
 IPCI B01J0031-02 [ICM]; B01J0031-12 [ICS]; C03L0067-00 [ICS]
 IPCR B01J0031-02 [I,C*]; B01J0031-02 [I,A]; B01J0031-04 [I,C*]; B01J0031-04
 [I,A]; B01J0031-26 [I,C*]; B01J0031-30 [I,A]; C08F0299-00 [I,C*];
 C08F0299-04 [I,A]
 NCL 525/014.000; 502/165.000; 525/017.000; 525/026.000
 CC 37-6 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
 IT 71-48-7 90-94-8 92-53-5 92-54-6 102-71-6, uses and
 miscellaneous 110-85-0, uses and miscellaneous 110-86-1, uses and
 miscellaneous 121-44-8, uses and miscellaneous 121-69-7, uses and
 miscellaneous 136-52-7 280-57-9 1122-58-3 2867-47-2
 3001-72-7 7447-39-4, uses and miscellaneous 26444-72-4 28109-57-1
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (catalyst compns. containing, for low temperature curing unsatd. polyesters)

RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year (RPY)	VOL (RVL)	PG (RPG)	Referenced Work (RWK)	Referenced File
Anon				IUS 2642410 A	HCAPLUS
Anon				IUS 2647878 A	HCAPLUS
Anon				IUS 3091936 A	HCAPLUS
Anon				IUS 3449276 A	HCAPLUS
Anon				IUS 4048086 A	HCAPLUS

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
 (3 CITINGS)

L24 ANSWER 26 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:19959 HCAPLUS [Full-text](#)
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 96:19959
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 96:3319a,3322a
 TITLE: Substituted acetic acid hydrazides
 INVENTOR(S): Orth, Winfried; Lange, Fritz Walter; Fickert, Werner
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rueterswerke A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger.
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 11 pp.
 CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: German
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

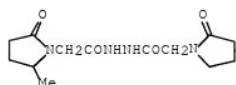
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 3006806	A1	19810910	DE 1980-3006806	19800223 <--
EP 34665	A1	19810902	EP 1980-200280	19800327 <--
EP 34665	B1	19830928		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE				
AT 4803	T	19831015	AT 1980-200280	19800327 <--
CA 1132568	A1	19820928	CA 1981-367881	19810105 <--

US 4357277	A	19821102	US 1981-224128	19810112 <--
JP 56133263	A	19811019	JP 1981-24403	19810223 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1980-3006806	A 19800223 <--
			EP 1980-200280	A 19800327 <--

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

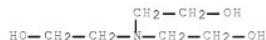
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 96:19959

GI



I

- AB RCHR₂(CH₂)_nCONHNHCOC(=O)(CH₂)_mCHR₃R₁ [R, R₁ = (un)substituted 2-oxo-1-pyrrolidino or -piperidino; R₂, R₃ = H, C₁₋₄ alkyl] were prepared by treating the corresponding hydrazide with a Me ester in the presence of catalytic amine. Thus, stirring 171 g 5-methyl-2-oxo-1-pyrrolidineacetic acid hydrazide, 157 g Me 2-oxo-1-pyrrolidineacetate, and 8 g Me₂NCH₂CH₂OH 24 h at 130° gave 53% I.
- IT 102-71-6, uses and miscellaneous 1122-58-3
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
(catalysts, for reaction of Me esters with hydrazides)
- RN 102-71-6 HCPLUS
- CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



- RN 1122-58-3 HCPLUS
CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



- IPCI C07D0227-08 [ICM]; C07D0227-00 [ICM,C*]
IPCR A61K0031-40 [I,C*]; A61K0031-40 [I,A]; A61K0031-4015 [I,C*]; A61K0031-4015 [I,A]; A61P0025-00 [I,C*]; A61P0025-18 [I,A]; C07D0207-00 [I,C*]; C07D0207-26 [N,A]; C07D0207-27 [I,A]
CC 27-10 (Heterocyclic Compounds (One Hetero Atom))
IT 91-21-4 96-80-0 100-37-8 100-60-7 100-85-6 102-71-6,
uses and miscellaneous 103-76-4 103-83-3 105-59-9 108-01-0

109-01-3 109-02-4 110-18-9 110-85-0, uses and miscellaneous
 110-89-4, uses and miscellaneous 110-91-8, uses and miscellaneous
 111-42-2, uses and miscellaneous 120-94-5 123-75-1, uses and
 miscellaneous 299-42-3 504-24-5 616-47-7 622-40-2 626-67-5
 693-98-1 1122-58-3 1836-42-6 2456-81-7 2955-88-6
 3030-47-5 3040-44-6 4238-71-5 4402-32-8 29450-09-7 34844-87-6
 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
 (catalysts, for reaction of Me esters with hydrazides)

L24 ANSWER 27 OF 28 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:91154 HCPLUS Full-text
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:91154
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 90:14399a,14402a
 TITLE: Corrosion inhibitors 23 (1). Does there exist a
 structure-efficiency relation in the organic
 inhibitors of aluminum corrosion?
 AUTHOR(S): Horner, L.; Meisel, K.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Org. Chem., Univ. Mainz, Mainz, Fed. Rep. Ger.
 SOURCE: Werkstoffe und Korrosion (1978), 29(10),
 654-64
 CODEN: WSKRAT; ISSN: 0043-2822
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: German
 AB The inhibitive effect of >400 compds. (10-2 mol/L) was studied on the corrosion of Al in 1N HCl-2.5% NaCl. The tested compds. included aromatic aldehydes and ketones, aromatic and aliphatic carboxylic acids, sulfonamides and sulfones, dibasic phenols, tetrazolium salts, formazan compds., sulfoxides, and aromatic sulfonic acids. The highest corrosion inhibitive effect was shown by Cupferron. Compds. inhibiting the corrosion of Al are more effective in the inhibition of the corrosion of Zn. The inhibitive effect is largely affected by the nature and spatial location of the functional groups in the mol. of the inhibitor.
 IT 102-71-6, uses and miscellaneous 1122-58-3
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (corrosion inhibitors, for aluminum in hydrochloric acid)
 RN 102-71-6 HCPLUS
 CN Ethanol, 2,2',2''-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCPLUS
 CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



CC	56-8 (Nonferrous Metals and Alloys)
IT	50-99-7, uses and miscellaneous 55-21-0 56-40-6, uses and miscellaneous 56-41-7, uses and miscellaneous 56-86-0, uses and miscellaneous 57-10-3, uses and miscellaneous 57-11-4, uses and miscellaneous 59-23-4, uses and miscellaneous 59-67-6, uses and miscellaneous 60-09-3 62-44-2 63-42-3 65-85-0, uses and miscellaneous 69-72-7, uses and miscellaneous 69-79-4 69-93-2, uses and miscellaneous 76-84-6 77-09-8 79-11-8, uses and miscellaneous 79-92-5 80-07-9 81-07-2 81-25-4 83-32-9 83-33-0 84-11-7 84-65-1 85-01-8, uses and miscellaneous 85-41-6 85-44-9 86-73-7 86-74-8 87-69-4, uses and miscellaneous 87-78-5 88-13-1 88-99-3, uses and miscellaneous 89-05-4 90-02-8, uses and miscellaneous 90-05-1 90-30-2 90-64-2 91-20-3, uses and miscellaneous 91-56-5 91-64-5 92-27-3 92-52-4, uses and miscellaneous 92-70-6 93-04-9 93-09-4 95-63-6 95-64-7 97-65-4, uses and miscellaneous 98-10-2 98-11-3, uses and miscellaneous 98-86-2, uses and miscellaneous 98-89-5 98-98-6 99-61-6 99-96-7, uses and miscellaneous 99-99-0 100-01-6, uses and miscellaneous 100-02-7, uses and miscellaneous 100-09-4 100-16-3 100-17-4 100-52-7, uses and miscellaneous 100-83-4 102-04-5 102-09-0 102-71-6, uses and miscellaneous 103-33-3 103-70-8 103-82-2, uses and miscellaneous 103-84-4 104-15-4, uses and miscellaneous 104-88-1, uses and miscellaneous 104-94-9 105-60-2, uses and miscellaneous 106-34-3 106-40-1 106-46-7 106-47-8, uses and miscellaneous 106-49-0, uses and miscellaneous 106-51-4, uses and miscellaneous 108-31-6, uses and miscellaneous 108-46-3, uses and miscellaneous 108-91-8, uses and miscellaneous 108-95-2, uses and miscellaneous 109-77-3 110-16-7, uses and miscellaneous 110-17-8, uses and miscellaneous 110-44-1 110-91-8, uses and miscellaneous 110-94-1 111-20-6, uses and miscellaneous 112-72-1 112-79-8 115-77-5, uses and miscellaneous 116-63-2 118-41-2, uses and miscellaneous 118-74-1 118-75-2, uses and miscellaneous 118-91-2 118-92-3 119-61-9, uses and miscellaneous 120-12-7, uses and miscellaneous 120-80-9, uses and miscellaneous 120-83-2 121-33-5 121-57-3 121-60-8 121-73-3 121-92-6 122-39-4, uses and miscellaneous 123-31-9, uses and miscellaneous 123-54-6, uses and miscellaneous 123-56-8 123-99-9, uses and miscellaneous 124-09-4, uses and miscellaneous 124-30-1 126-81-8 127-08-2 128-08-5 130-14-3 131-08-8 134-72-5 134-81-6 135-20-6 135-88-6 141-82-2, uses and miscellaneous 143-07-7, uses and miscellaneous 144-62-7, uses and miscellaneous 147-93-3 149-91-7, uses and miscellaneous 268-77-9 350-03-8 464-72-2 471-46-5 474-98-6 480-63-7 488-93-7 495-69-2 501-52-0 507-70-0 515-30-0 518-47-8 525-82-6 532-02-5 534-59-8 535-46-6 541-47-9 552-89-6 554-00-7 555-16-8, uses and miscellaneous 563-41-7 573-58-0 581-40-8 586-76-5 586-78-7 593-51-1 598-10-7 603-11-2 606-23-5 613-45-6 619-23-8 619-72-7 619-78-3 621-08-9 621-82-9, uses and miscellaneous 629-11-8 637-88-7 642-31-9 723-62-6 832-39-3 837-18-3 840-04-0 873-74-5 874-42-0 882-33-7 885-34-7 942-01-8 945-51-7 948-65-2 1068-90-2 1083-30-3 1122-54-9 1122-58-3 1124-33-0 1137-41-3 1153-05-5 1167-43-7 1190-09-6 1490-04-6 1499-33-8 1564-64-3 1571-33-1 1636-34-6 1678-25-7 1709-51-9 1821-12-1 1962-02-3 2032-36-2 2033-89-8 2041-16-9 2041-27-2 2080-33-3 2175-90-8 2243-62-1 2437-33-4 2583-25-7 2835-81-6 2901-29-3 3112-85-4 3115-68-2 3173-72-6 3237-31-8 3316-09-4 3321-64-0 3495-60-1 3978-67-4 4081-02-1 4356-69-8 4546-06-9 4671-77-6 4671-82-3 4672-25-7 4721-22-6 4989-59-7 5137-70-2 5138-23-8 5160-59-8 5183-78-8 5197-95-5

5341-95-7 5391-92-4 5392-12-1 5445-51-2 5720-05-8 5768-48-9

RL: USES (Uses)

(corrosion inhibitors, for aluminum in hydrochloric acid)

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(7 CITINGS)

L24 ANSWER 28 OF 28 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:39250 HCAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:39250

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 90:6339a,6342a

TITLE: Side reactions in peptide synthesis. VI. A reexamination of the benzyl group in the protection of the side chains of tyrosine and aspartic acid

AUTHOR(S): Bodanszky, Miklos; Tolle, John C.; Deshmane, Sharad S.; Bodanszky, Agnes

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Case Western Reserve Univ., Cleveland, OH, USA

SOURCE: International Journal of Peptide & Protein Research (1978), 12(2), 57-88

CODEN: IJPPC3; ISSN: 0367-8377

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The acid-catalyzed O →3C migration of the benzyl group in O-benzyltyrosine derivs. was suppressed by acidolysis with HBr in phenol/p-cresol or with CF₃CO₂H/HOAc (7:3). The acid-catalyzed cyclization of β-benzyl aspartate peptides to aminosuccinyl derivs. was reduced significantly by acidolysis with HBr in CF₃CO₂H. Acidolysis by HBr in CF₃CO₂H/p-cresol can be applied to peptides containing both O-benzyl tyrosine and β-benzyl aspartate residues since only traces of the undesired side reactions were observed. An attempt to reduce the rate of base-catalyzed cyclization of β-benzyl aspartate peptides by use of hindered tertiary amines was abandoned because these amines led to significant reduction of the rate of the desired reaction.

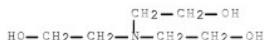
IT 102-71-6, reactions 1122-58-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(β-benzyl aspartate peptide cyclization to aminosuccinyl derivative in relation to)

RN 102-71-6 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2,2',2"-nitrilotris- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1122-58-3 HCAPLUS

CN 4-Pyridinamine, N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 34-3 (Synthesis of Amino Acids, Peptides, and Proteins)
IT 102-05-6 102-71-6, reactions 121-44-8, reactions 479-27-6
620-40-6 1122-58-3 2592-95-2 7087-68-5
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(β -benzyl aspartate peptide cyclization to aminosuccinyl derivative in
relation to)
OS.CITING REF COUNT: 18 THERE ARE 18 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS
RECORD (18 CITINGS)